too (*with adjectives*) *Like:* crowded / young / old fashioned / low / narrow / dark	**too much** (*with uncountable nouns*) *Like:* traffic / noise / pollution / rain	**too many** (*with countable nouns*) *Like:* lorries / cars / buses / people / spaces / trees /	**enough** (*with negatives sentences*) The pavements **aren't** wide **enough**

Read the following sentences and choose the correct answer :

1- We have found that there is (**too much, too many**) traffic.

2- There are (**too much, too many**) lorries.

3- There aren't (**enough, more**) buses, so people drive their cars everywhere instead.

4- Pedestrians find it difficult to walk because the pavements aren't wide (**enough, more**)

5- And there aren't (**enough, more**) pedestrian crossings.

6- There isn't (**enough, more**) parking, so cars are parked badly and block the streets.

7- Another problem is that there aren't (**enough, more**) trees to help clean the air.

8- And the city isn't peaceful (**enough, more**) because it is so noisy.

9- (**Too much, Too many**) noise is bad for people's health.

10- In particular, the motorbikes and lorries make (**too much, too many**) noise.

11- So, to conclude, there should be (**too much, too many**) buses and not as many cars.

12- We also suggest that buses go (**enough, more**) often so people can leave their cars at home.

13- Finally, we think pavements should be made wider to make walking (**enough, more**) comfortable, and (**enough, more**) trees should be planted.

14- The streets are (**too much, too**) crowded.

15- There are (**too much, too many**) cars in the city.

16- They can't all park, because there are (**too much, too many**) parking spaces available.

17- There is (**too much, too many**) pollution in the city.

18- (**Too much, Too many**) people drive cars. It's bad for the environment.

19- (**Too much / Too many**) rain will damage the crops.

20- I'm sorry, I can't buy a ticket, because it costs (**too much / too many**).

21- If (**too much, too many**) people want to go on the morning course, we will have a second class in the afternoon.

22- If you eat (**too much, too many**) before you do exercise, you'll feel ill.

23- I can't drive a car yet. I'm (**too much, too**) young. I'm not old enough.

24- I don't like this building. It's (**too much, too**) old fashioned.

25- I prefer to live in a big city. This town is too small It's not big (**enough, more**)

26- The pavements are not wide (**enough, more**) .They are too narrow.

27- These buildings are(**too much, too**) dark. They are not bright enough.

28- The building is (**too**, **too much**) low. It's not high enough.

some		any
Affirmative	**Plural**	
- I have some books .	**Uncountable**	**Negative:** *I don't have **any** books.*
	~~**singular**~~	**Question:** *Do you have **any** books?*

Read the following sentences and choose the correct answer :

1- Have you got (**many, any**) ideas about things to do?

2- I haven't got (**some, any**) news about my exam results yet.

3- There aren't (**some, any**) restaurants in this part of the city.

4- (**Any, Some**) people stopped being farmers.

5- There is still (**some, any**) water left in the jug. Do you want (**any, some**) more?

6- Today we sailed across the Bosphorus to visit (**any, some**) islands.

7- (**Many, Any**) Islamic cities were built around palaces.

8- Without laws and rules, (**many, any**) cities would become dangerous.

9- A ruler controlled (**all, any**) aspects of life.

10- Let's go into the countryside for (**some, many**) fresh air.

11- (**All, Any**) houses in this street were built more than 300 years ago.

12- (**Any, Many**) people moved to the cities from the countryside to work.

13- Do you know how (**many, some**) people live in the city ?

14- The wonderful tourist sites in Syria is the reason why (**many, any**) people come here.

15- Who ate (**all, some**) the biscuits? The packet is empty!

16- The wonderful tourist sites in Syria is the reason why (**many, any**) people come here.

17- (**Some, All**) people in Switzerland can speak Romansh, but not many.

18- I often listen to music while I study, but not (**some, all**) the time.

19- Hardly (**some, any**) plants are able to survive in the icy Antarctic.

20- Not (**many, much**) people know that Sir Edmund Hilary, who first climbed Mount Everest,

was born in New Zealand.

Articles (a – an / the)

(*a – an*)	(*the*)
Use **a** the first time you mention something. Use **a** for one of many possible examples.	Use **(the)** the second time you mention something. Use **(the)** for regions or names of countries. With **directions**: *the south / west / east / north* With **superlatives** : *the best / shortest / most …*

Use a plural noun **without (*the*)**, for talking about things *in general*.

Read the following sentences and choose the correct answer :

1- Hind is just about to do (**a, an**) exam.

2- Rashed's friend does (**a, the**) very good project.

3- I'm going to tell you about (**a, the**) city called Hama, in (**a, the**) west of Syria.

4- It is (**a, an**) city with lots of beautiful old houses.

5- You can move around (**an, the**) city on your own two feet

6- Do you know how many people live in (**the, an**) city ?

7- Today we sailed across (**a, the**) Bosphorus to visit some islands.

8- They lie just outside (**an / the**) city.

9- Transport on (**an, the**) islands is provided by horses and carts.

10- But now we're back, and on our way to (**an, the**) restaurant for dinner.

11- One of (**a, the**) best places for tourists to visit in Syria is (**an, the**) Old City.

12- It is in (**a, the**) centre of Damascus.

13- Damascus includes (**a, the**) world-famous Omayyad Mosque that dates back to 705 AD.

14- Today it is (**a, an**) popular tourist destination

15- and (**a, an**) favourite location for foreigners wanting to learn Arabic.

16- Damascus is (**a, an**) beautiful place to visit.

17- (**A, The**) streets are full of people buying and selling.

18- You can ask any of (**a, the**) locals questions.

19- They are very helpful and eager to show off (**an, the**) city. Enjoy your visit!